## AMENDMENT TO THE CLAIMS:

Please cancel Claims 7-16, without prejudice.

## LISTING OF CLAIMS:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

1. A diagnostic method, comprising:

estimating a temperature of a NOx-reducing catalyst based on a thermodynamic model of said NOx-reducing catalyst;

estimating a hydrocarbon conversion efficiency of said NOxreducing catalyst based on said temperature estimate; and

estimating a parameter indicative of an age of said NOxreducing catalyst based on said estimated hydrocarbon conversion efficiency of said catalyst.

2. The method as set forth in Claim 1 wherein said thermodynamic model of said NOx-reducing catalyst is described by the following equations:

$$\frac{d}{dt}\left(c_{substrate}m_{cat}T + c_{gar}m_{gas}T\right) = c_{p}W(T_{ts} - T) + h_{t}A_{cat}(T_{dash} - T) + \left(W_{HC} \cdot f_{burn}(T) + f_{rel}(T) \cdot HC_{st}\right) \cdot Q_{lk}$$
(1)
$$\frac{d}{dt}HC_{st} = (1 - f_{burn}(T)) \cdot W_{HC} - f_{rel}(T) \cdot HC_{st}$$
(2)

wherein  $c_{subsrnue}$  is a heat capacity of a NOx-reducing catalyst substrate substrate,  $m_{cat}$  is a mass of said catalyst,  $c_{gat}$  is a heat capacity of the exhaust gas,  $m_{gat}$  is a mass of the exhaust gas in the catalyst,  $c_p$  is a heat capacity of air at constant pressure, W is a total exhaust flow into said catalyst,  $T_{in}$  is a temperature of an exhaust gas mixture entering said NOx-reducing catalyst,  $h_i$  is a convective heat transfer coefficient of said

catalyst,  $A_{\rm ad}$  is a catalyst area exposed to said exhaust gas mixture entering said catalyst,  $T_{\rm amb}$  is an ambient temperature,  $W_{HC}$  is a hydrocarbon flow transported in said exhaust gas mixture,  $f_{bum}(T)$  is said hydrocarbon conversion efficiency of said catalyst,  $Q_{lhv}$  is a heat contained in a unit mass of fuel,  $f_{rd}(T)$  is an amount of hydrocarbons released and subsequently oxidized, and  $HC_{H}$  is an amount of hydrocarbons stored in the catalyst.

- 3. The method as set forth in Claim 2 wherein said hydrocarbon conversion efficiency of said NOx-reducing catalyst is estimated by inverting said model in order to obtain an input from an output.
- 4. The method as set forth in Claim 1 wherein said NOx-reducing catalyst is an ALNC.
- 5. The method as set forth in Claim 1 wherein said NOx-reducing catalyst is an oxidation catalyst.
- 6. The method as set forth in Claim 1 further comprising providing an indication of catalyst degradation based on said parameter.

## 7-16. Cancelled.

- 17.A diagnostic system, comprising:
  - an internal combustion engine;
- a NOx-reducing catalyst coupled downstream of said engine; and
- a computer storage medium having a computer program encoded therein, comprising:

- code for estimating a temperature of said NOx-reducing catalyst based on a thermodynamic model of said NOx-reducing catalyst;
- code for estimating a hydrocarbon conversion efficiency of said NOx-reducing catalyst based on said temperature estimate; and
- code for estimating a parameter indicative of an age of said NOx-reducing catalyst based on said estimated hydrocarbon conversion efficiency of said catalyst.